CUBIST-STYLE IMAGE EFFECTS WITH OBLIQUE DECISION TREES

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https://edric-chan.github.io/cubist-TAO/



Figure 1: Learning an oblique regression tree using the Tree Alternating Optimization (TAO) algorithm to represent an image (in general, we can use T trees). Plot 1: an input image, as a grid of points $x_n \in \mathbb{R}^2$ (input features) each with a color $y_n \in \mathbb{R}^3$ (output labels). Plot 2: an oblique regression tree of depth 3 learned on this dataset. Plot 3: the partition of the 2D space induced by the tree. Plot 4: the partition with each leaf polygon colored by the leaf label.

Leonardo



Picasso (cubist style)









Figure 2: Images 1, 2: actual paintings. Rest: tree outputs for image 1.



Figure 3: Left: photograph. Rest: tree outputs using different depths Δ and number of trees T.



Figure 4: Tree outputs over training TAO iteration (*left*: $\Delta = 5$, T = 1; *right*: $\Delta = 6$, T = 1).



Figure 5: Left: original image. Rest: tree outputs using different seeds (for $\Delta = 6$, T = 3). Combining these images into a video produces a jittery effect reminiscent of rotoscopic animation. See https://youtube.be/TXPm0mw4a_A

 $\Delta = 10, T = 1$ $\Delta = 6, T = 1$ $\Delta = 9, T = 1$ $\Delta = 8, T = 1$ $\Delta = 14, T = 1$



Figure 6: Can you guess the original paintings, drawings or photographs?



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