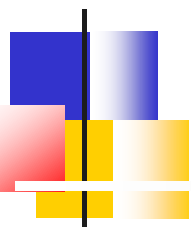




UCMERCED

Parallel In-situ Data Processing with Speculative Loading



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Outline

- Background
- Scanraw Operator
- Speculative Loading
- Evaluation



SAM/BAM Format

Col	Field	Type	Regex/Range	Brief description
1	QNAME	String	[!-?A-~]{1,255}	Query template NAME
2	FLAG	Int	[0,2 ¹⁶ -1]	bitwise FLAG
3	RNAME	String	* [!-()+-<>-~] [!-~]*	Reference sequence NAME
4	POS	Int	[0,2 ³¹ -1]	1-based leftmost mapping POSition
5	MAPQ	Int	[0,2 ⁸ -1]	MAPping Quality
6	CIGAR	String	* ([0-9]+[MIDNSHPX=])+	CIGAR string
7	RNEXT	String	* = [!-()+-<>-~] [!-~]*	Ref. name of the mate/next read
8	PNEXT	Int	[0,2 ³¹ -1]	Position of the mate/next read
9	TLEN	Int	[-2 ³¹ +1,2 ³¹ -1]	observed Template LENgth
10	SEQ	String	* [A-Za-z=.]+	segment SEQUENCE
11	QUAL	String	[!-~]+	ASCII of Phred-scaled base QUALity+33

- More than 200 TB of genomic data can be downloaded for research



Illustrative Example

- Variant, e.g., genome mutation, identification

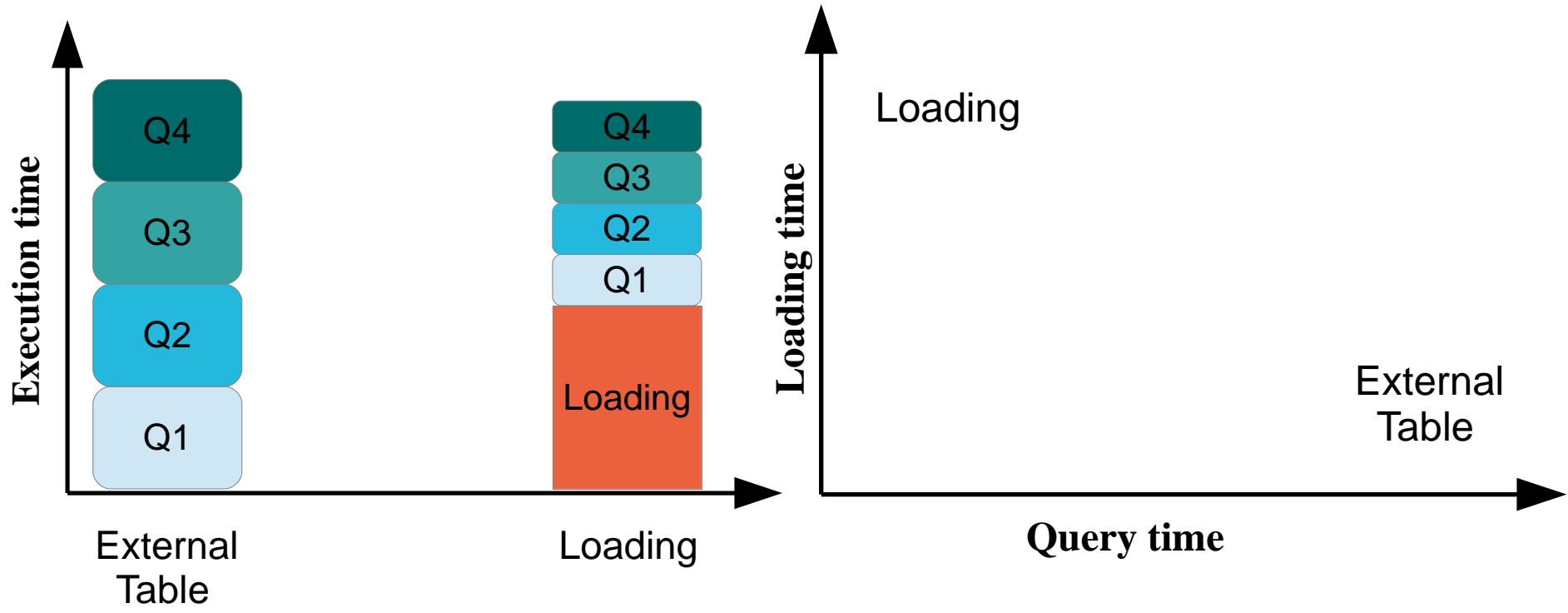


Sam/Bam
Files

```
SELECT position, count(*) as cnt
FROM genome
WHERE CIGAR IS NOT 'M'
GROUP BY position
HAVING cnt > threshold.
```

Comparison

External table vs. Loading



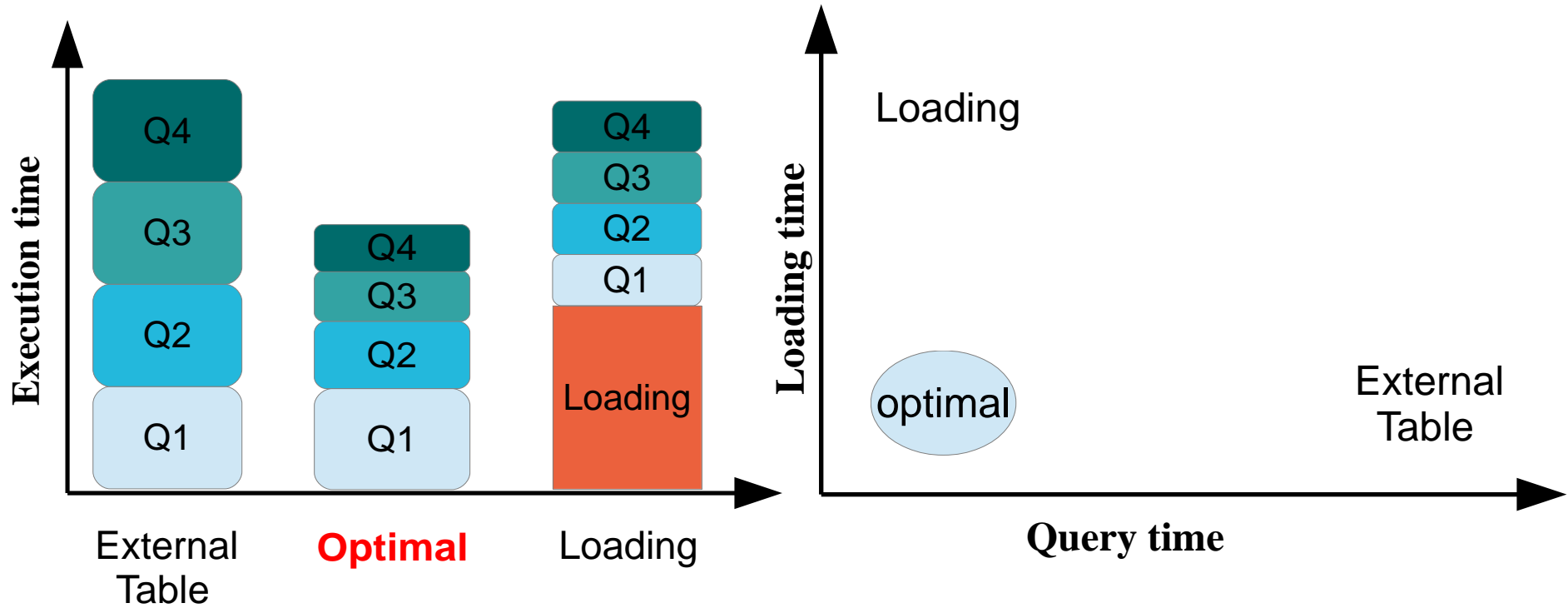


Research Problem

- Can we find an optimal solution to execute SQL-like queries in-situ over raw files?
 - Instant access to data
 - Optimal performance across a query workload

Comparison

External table vs. Loading

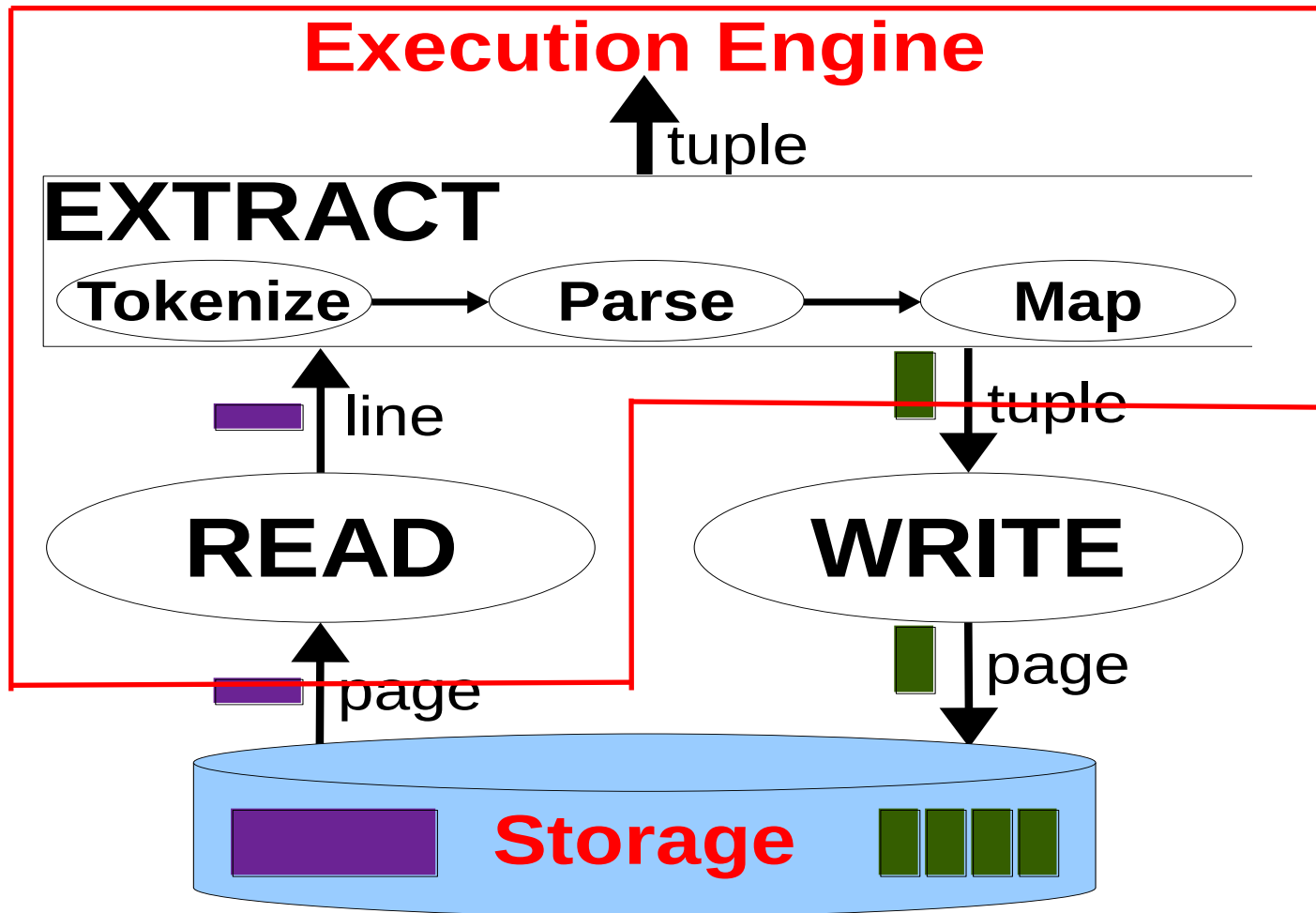




Related Work

- Adaptive partial loading [Idreos et al., CIDR 2011]
Only load necessary attributes before query starts
- NoDB [Alagianis et al., SIGMOD 2012]
Instead of loading, build index and cache necessary attributes in memory
- Invisible loading [Abouzied et al., EDBT/ICDT 2013]
Portion of necessary data is loaded into database for every query
- Data vaults [Ivanova et al., SSDBM 2012]
Memory cache for complex data in scientific repositories
- Instant loading [Muhlbauer et al., PVLDB 2013]
Speed-up loading methods using modern vectorized instructions, e.g., SSE4 and AVX

Raw File Processing

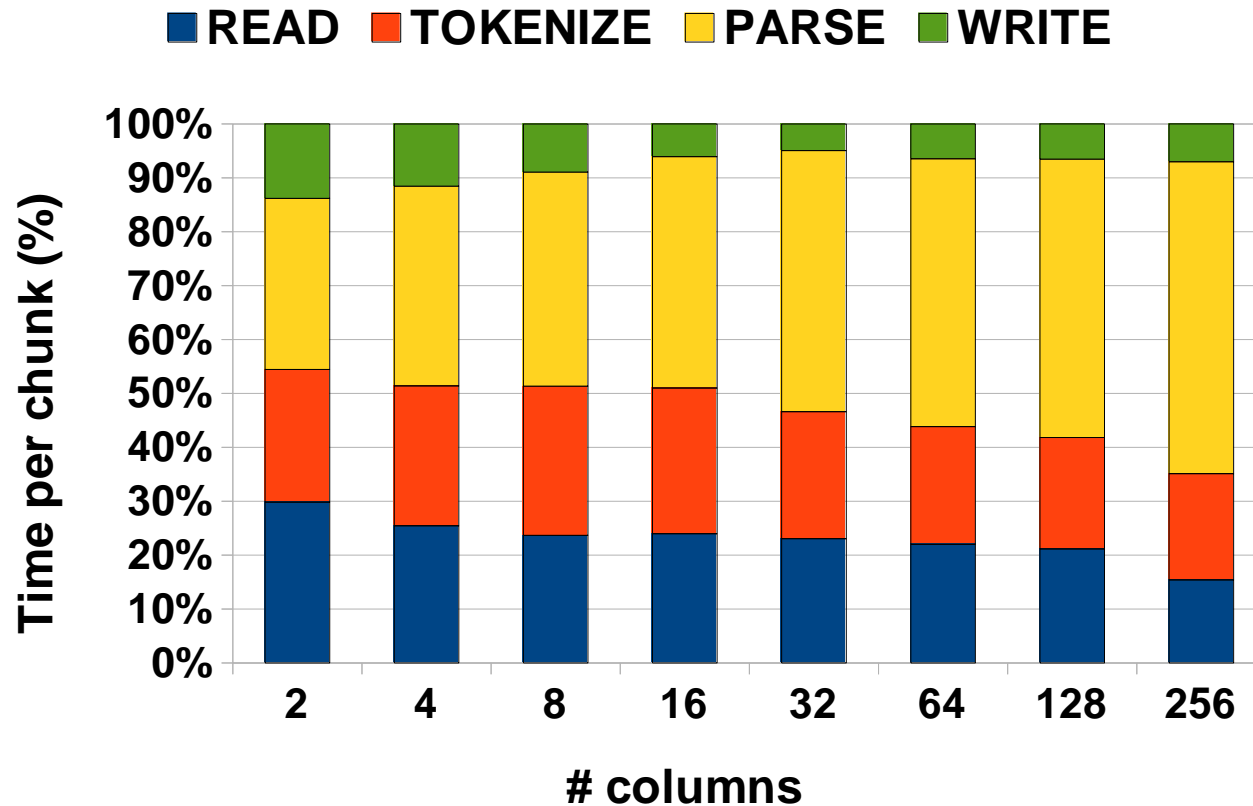




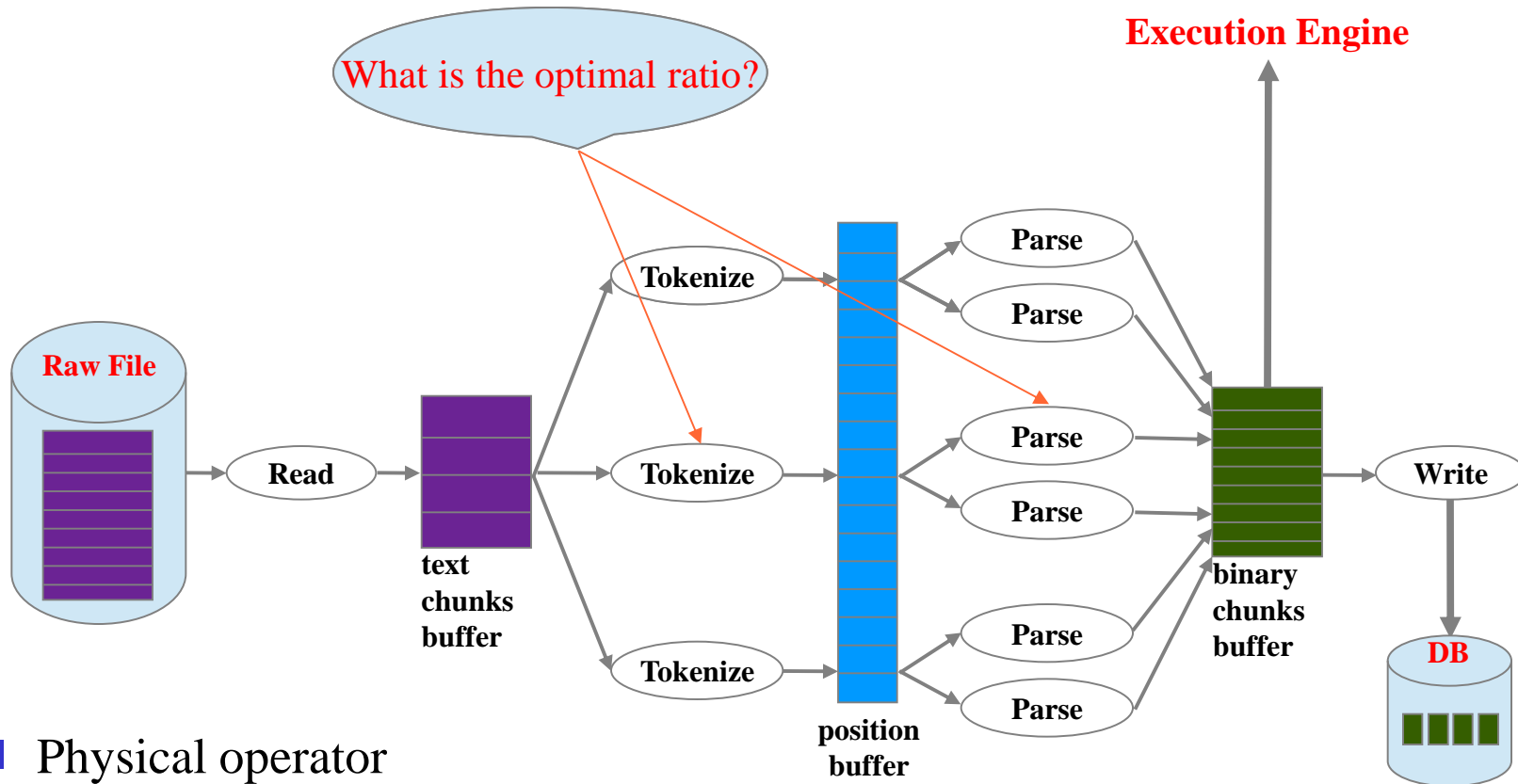
Scanraw Operator

- ❖ Can we achieve optimal execution time for the first query?
- ◆ How can we design a parallel operator using current multi-core processors? **Multi-threads**
- ◆ What kind of architecture can take full advantage of the available parallelism? **Task-parallelism/Pipeline**
- ◆ How to integrate the operator with a database system? **Scanraw operator**

Where Does the Time Go?

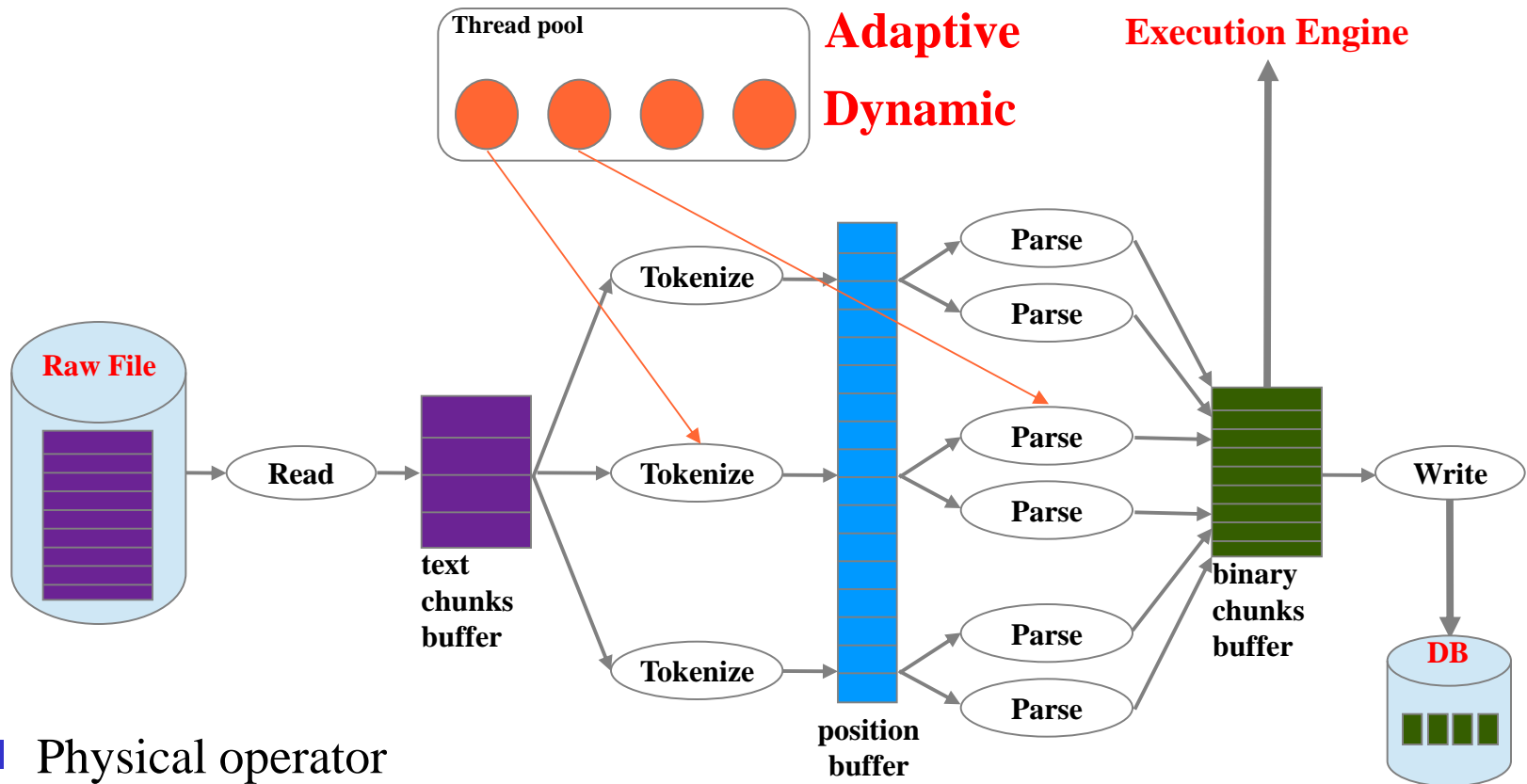


Scanraw Operator



- Physical operator
- Parallel super-scalar pipeline

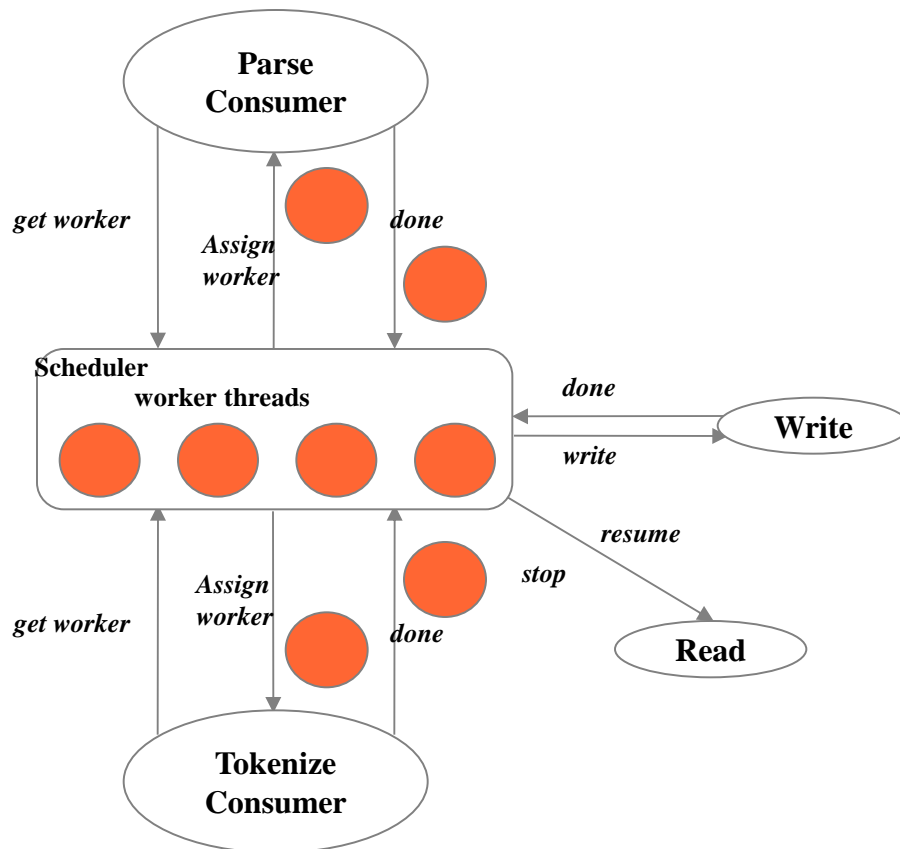
Scanraw Operator



■ Physical operator

■ Parallel super-scalar pipeline

Scanraw Operator



Task parallelism

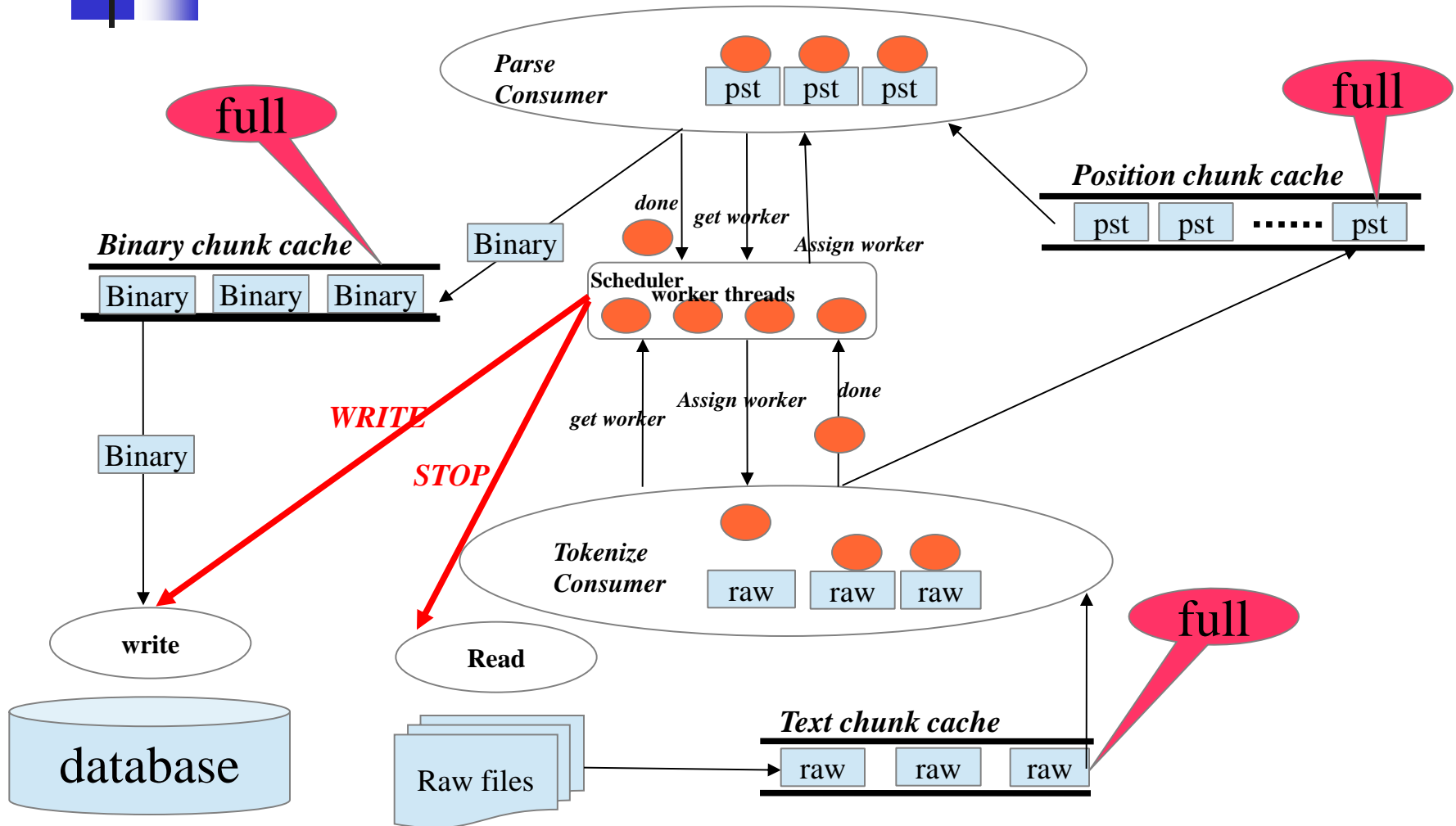
- Stand-Alone threads
 - Read
 - Write
 - Scheduler
 - Tokenize Consumer
 - Parse Consumer
- Worker threads



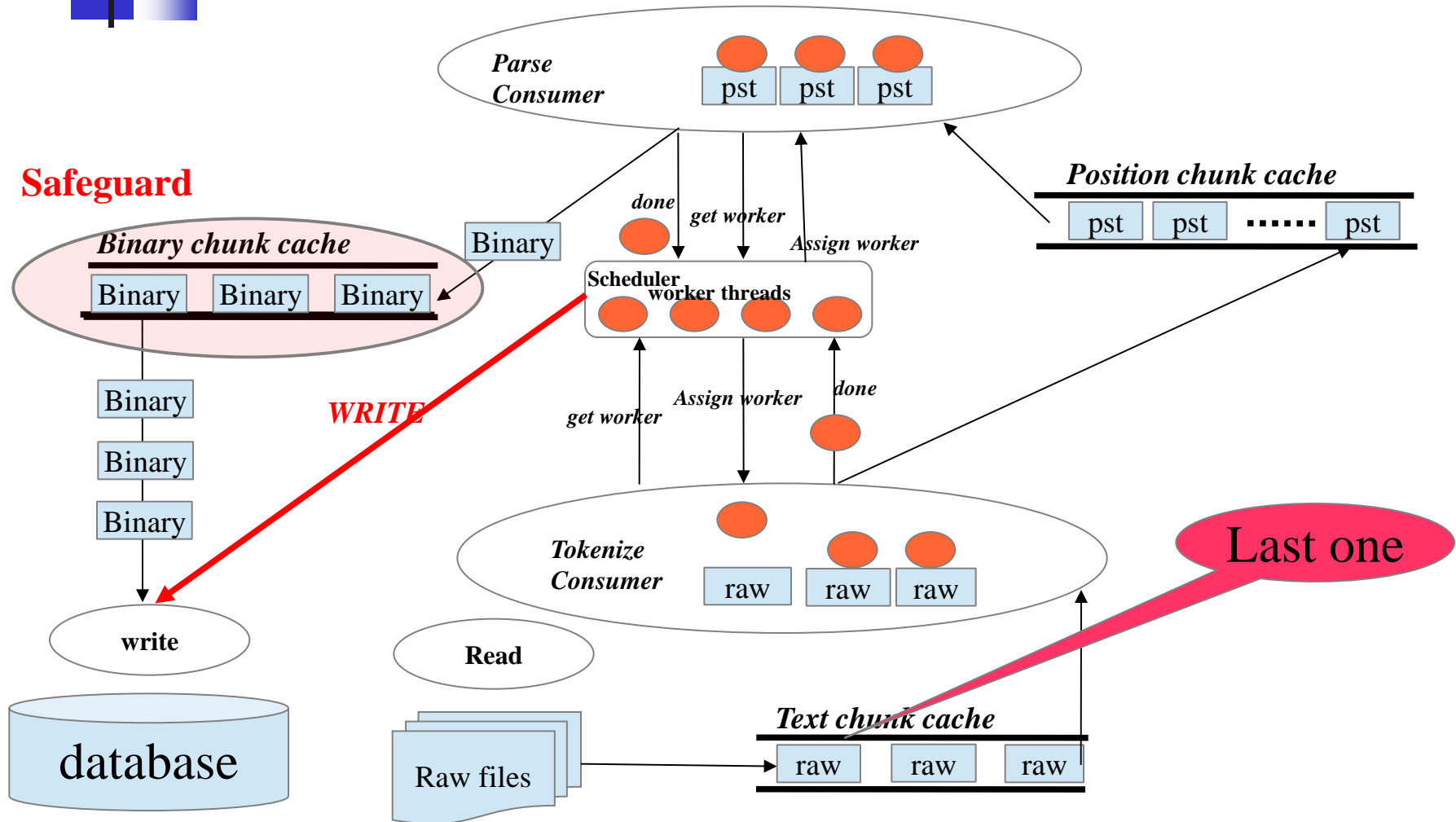
Speculative Loading

- ❖ Can we also achieve optimal execution time for a sequence of queries?
- ◆ How does speculative loading not interfere with query execution? **Task-parallel/Pipeline**
- ◆ How does speculative loading improve performance for a sequence of queries? **Gradual Loading**
- ◆ How do we guarantee that new chunks are loaded for every query? **Safeguard Mechanism**

Speculative Loading



Speculative Loading





Evaluation

Data : CSV files with 2 to 256 attrs, 2^{20} to 2^{28} lines;
20MB – 638GB size.

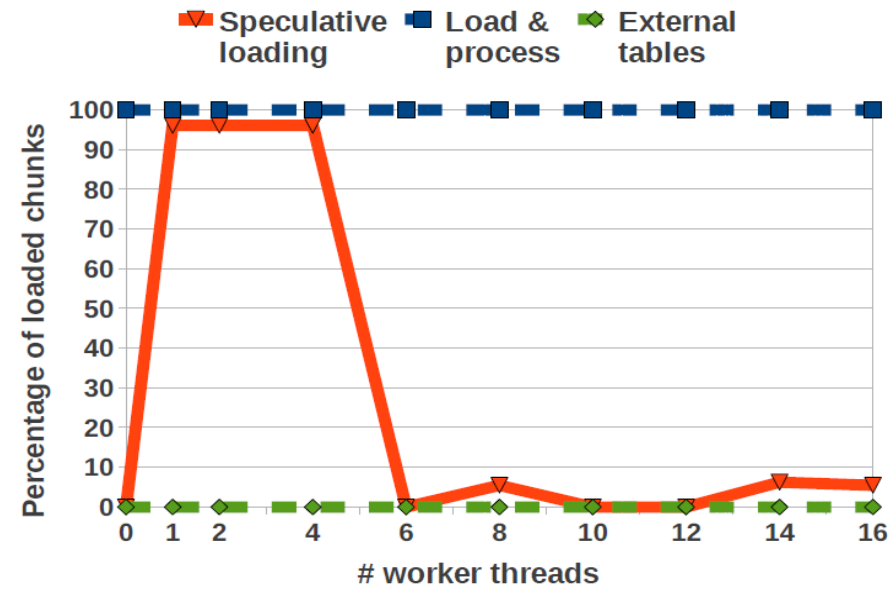
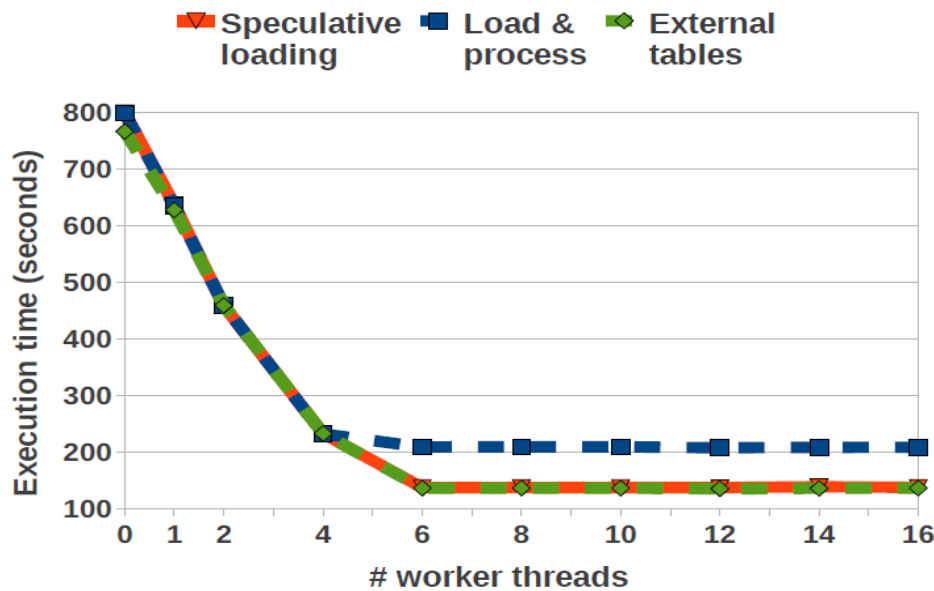
Query :

```
SELECT SUM (  $\sum_{j=1}^K C_{i_j}$  ) FROM FILE
```

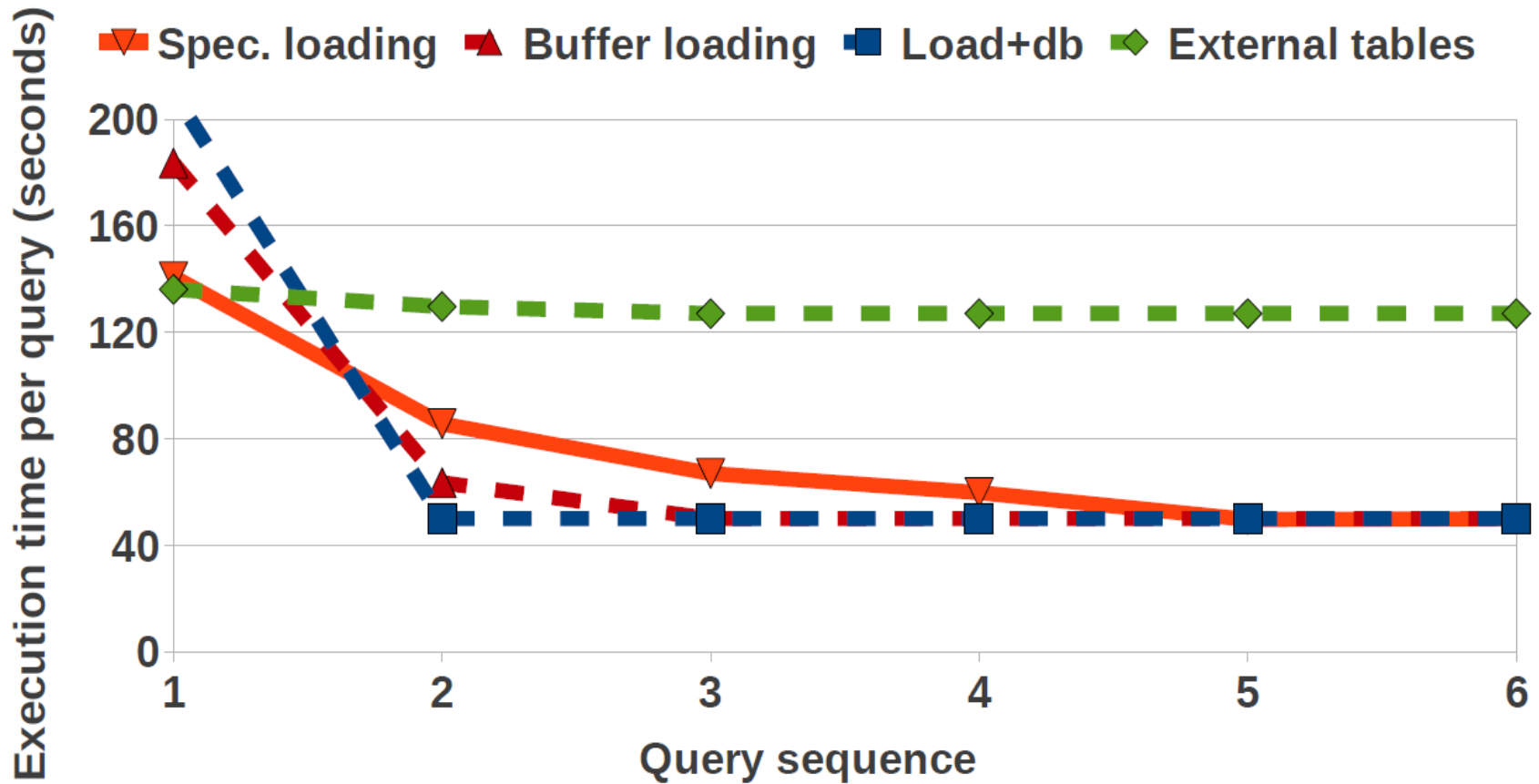
System : 2 AMD 8-core processors – 40 GB of memory, 4
TB 7200 RPM SAS hard-drives with I/O output 450MB/s

Illustration: 64 attrs, 2^{26} lines, 40GB

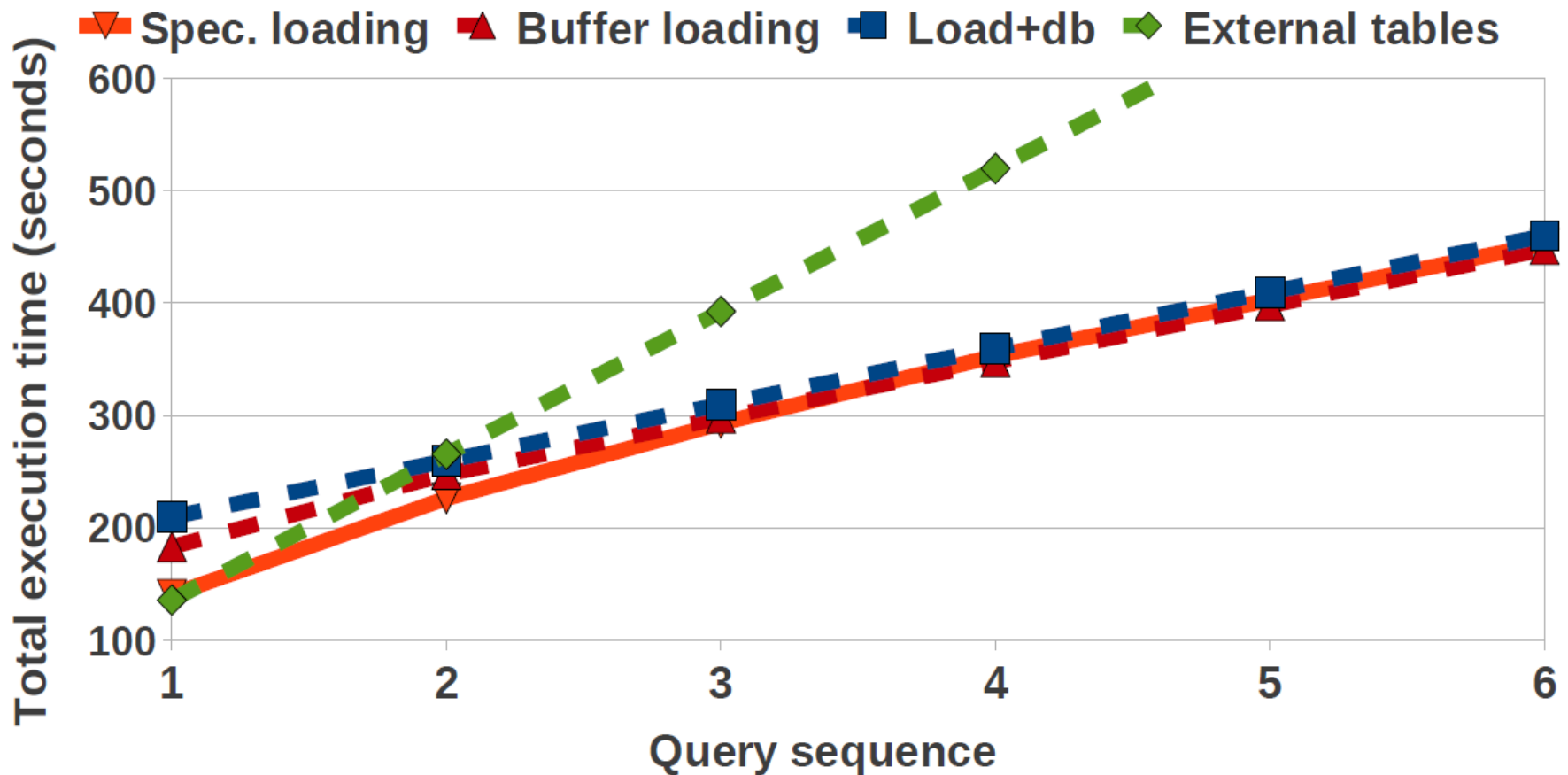
Optimal for the First Query?



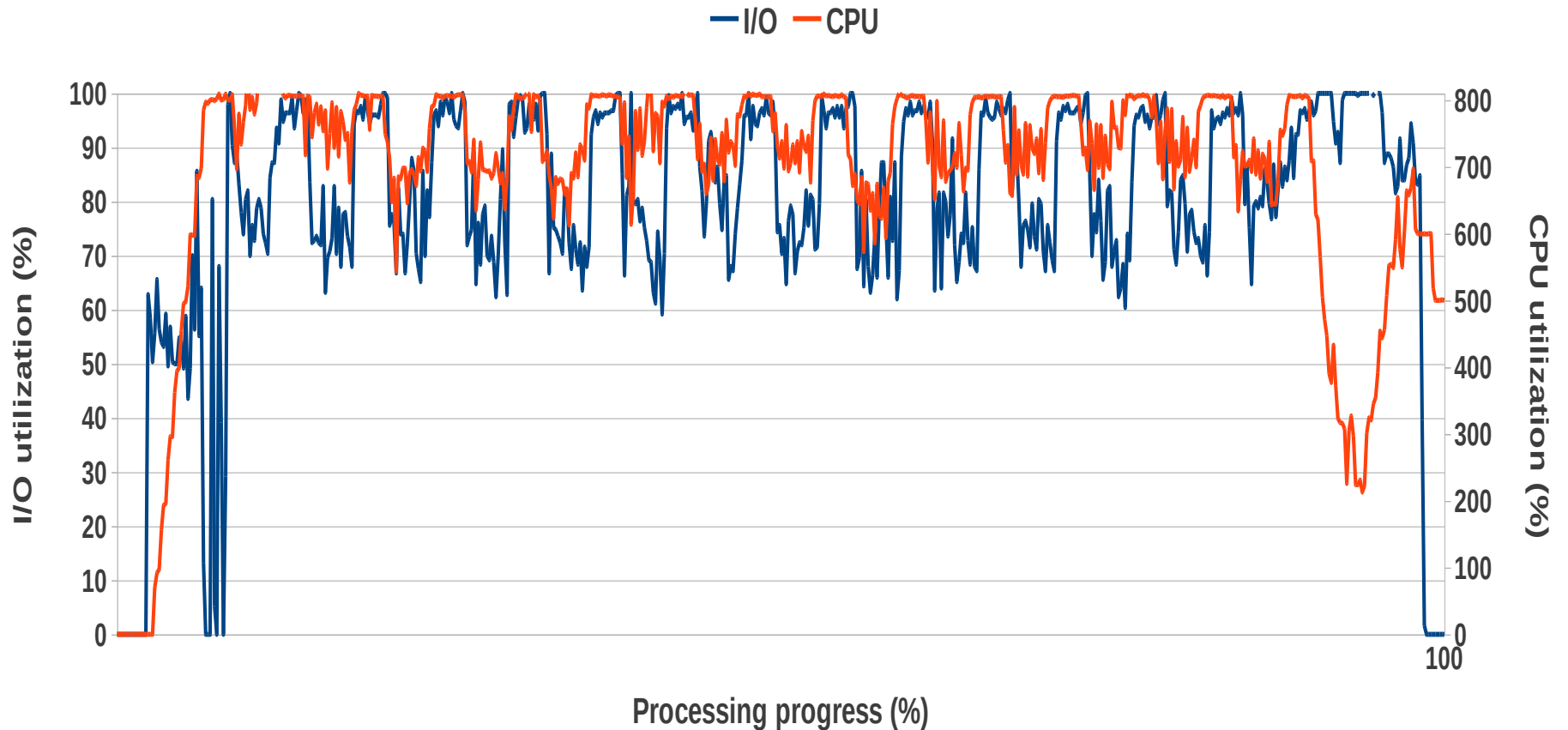
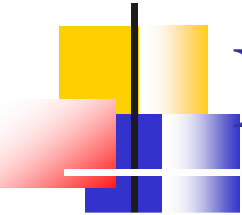
Performance Improvement



Always Optimal?



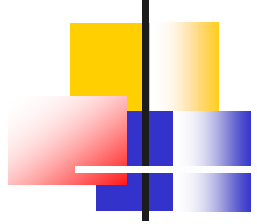
Resource Utilization





Conclusions

- **Scanraw Operator**
 - Super-scalar pipeline architecture
 - No interference with query execution
 - Easy to integrate into database system
- **Speculative Loading**
 - Make full use of system resource
 - Improve performance for a sequence of queries
 - Always achieve optimal execution time



Thank you!

Questions?